

Database Administration

José Orlando Pereira

Departamento de Informática
Universidade do Minho

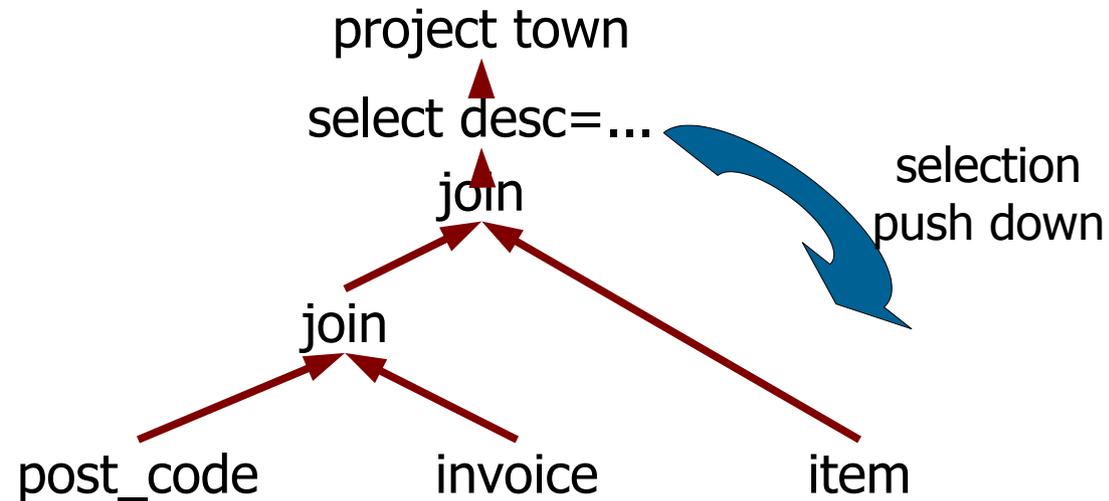


Query optimization

- Two independent logical stages:
 - Generate multiple plans
 - Select the least costly plan
- In practice:
 - Compute the cost of partial plans
 - Avoid exploring alternatives that are not interesting

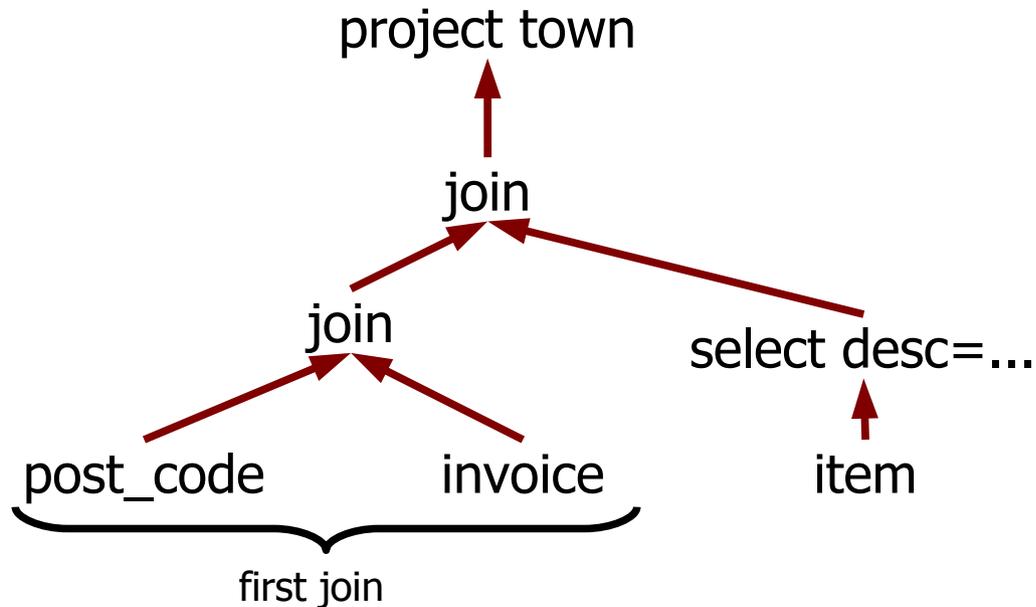
Example

```
select town from  
post_code natural join invoice  
natural join item where desc=...
```



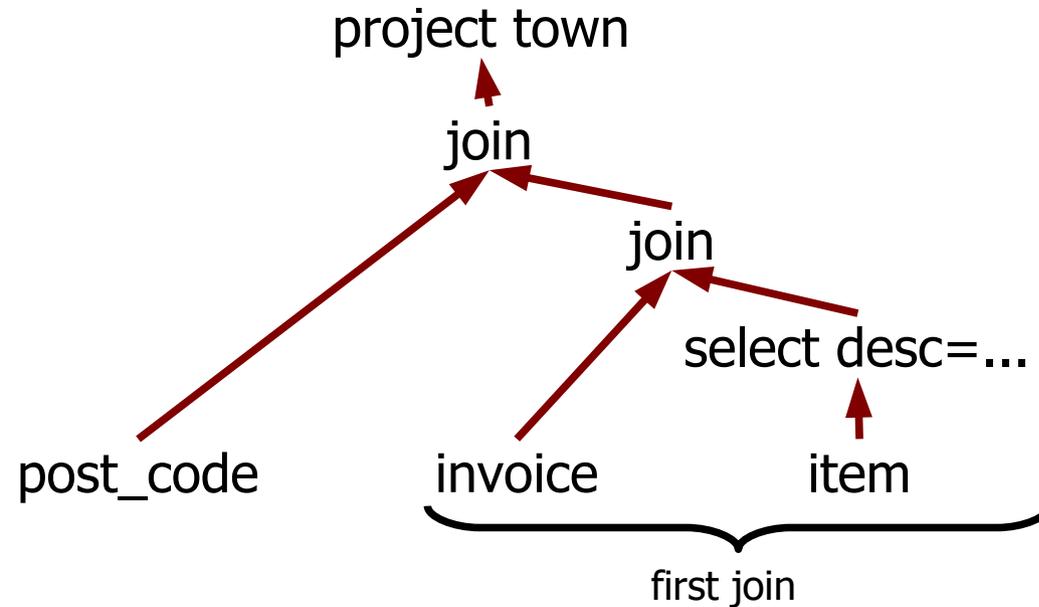
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Alternative plans

- Reasons for alternative plans:
 - Join order (permutations)
 - Indexes
 - Alternative physical operators

Plan selection

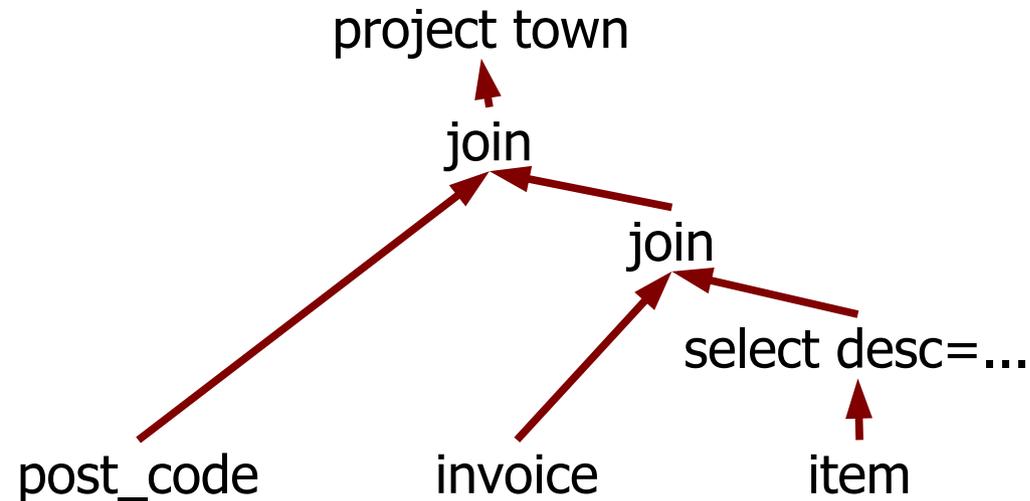
- Predict resource usage:
 - CPU \approx #records processed
 - Disk I/O \approx #blocks visited
 - \approx #records used (with index)
 - \approx #records in relation (with scan)
- Memory is limiting when physical operator materializes results:
 - \approx #records

#Records?

Relative weights?

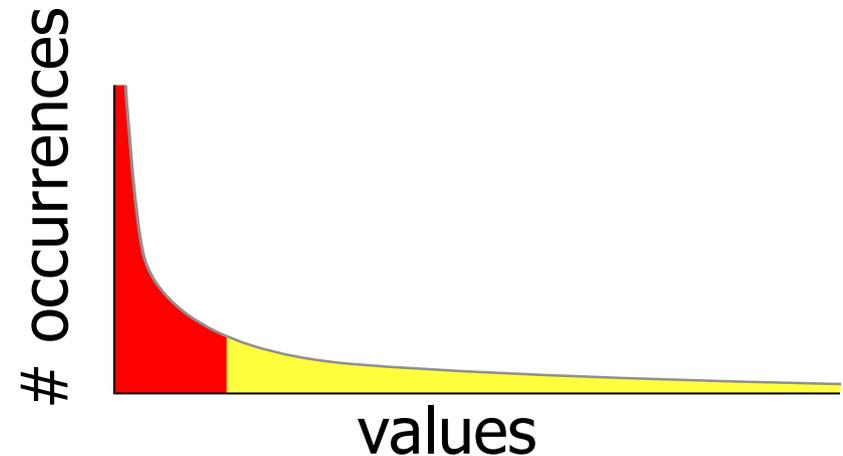
Estimating #records

- Easy for stored relations
- What about intermediate results?



Estimating #records - Selection

- Know #distinct
 - Expected copies of each tuple:
 - $\#records / \#distinct$
- Real data are usually not evenly distributed:
 - 80/20 rule
 - Power law



Estimating #records - Selection

- Know most popular and #occurrences
- Compute estimated #occurrences of others as uniformly distributed

Estimating #records - Selection

- Know histogram:
 - % of occurrences in each interval
or
 - interval for fixed % of occurrences
- Compute #occurrences as uniformly distributed within each interval

Estimating #records - Join

- Product:
 - Multiply #records
- Join:
 - Select after product
 - For equi-join:
 - Predict matching records

Statistics

- Required statistics:
 - # distinct / # records
 - most popular
 - histogram
 - correlation
- Computing statistics:
 - Full computation is costly
 - Sampling provides good enough results

Conclusions

- Make sure that the best option is available:
 - Indexes and materialized views
 - Sufficient memory for all operators
- Make sure the best option is selected:
 - Tune relative weights
 - Provide current and sufficiently detailed statistics